

# **UPRE-TECH** SLAC-I Solar charge controller **User Manual**

Thank you very much for choosing our product. This product manual provides important information and advices for product installation, use and troubleshooting. Before using this product, please read carefully and thoroughly.

SLAC-I was developed by the latest solar technology standard, this product has many outstanding feature:

Multi-functional LCD display.

Programmable battery low voltage disconnect with new ALVD(Adaptive low disconnect).

Selectable battery type – Lead acid battery with liquid

electrolyte, lead-acid battery with solid electrolyte(Gel type or AGM type). We can adjust the controller by programming according to battery type.

Sophisticated programmable nightlight function. Can be programmed to two lighting periods during the night.

The charging characteristics include automatic adaption to the ambient temperature.

Max .16 mm<sup>2</sup> connector binding posts. Max safety current can reach 91A.

Built-in one year date logger.

The controller has a built-in voltage drop compensation which automatically compensates battery wire voltage drops of up to 250mV.

Complete electronic protection such as over temperature, over charge, over discharge, over current, short circuit, reverse polarity.

#### Wiring and grounding:

The controller is intended for indoor use only or installed in distribution box. Protect it from direct sunlight and rain. If installed in distribution box, should avoid the position of condensed water drip. The controller measures the ambient temperature to adapt the charging voltage. To ensure the startup of controller, battery voltage should exceed 10V if the system voltage is 12V, and battery voltage should exceed 20V if the system voltage is 24V.

If the battery voltage is not within the normal operation range at start-up, a status display according to the section ERROR DESCRIPTION occurs.

Connect the controller by following steps to avoid installation faults.

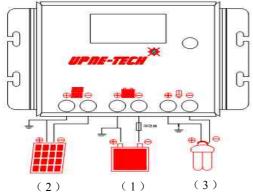
1. Connect the wire to the controller, then to the battery.

2. Connect the wire to the controller, then to the

photovoltaic modules.

3. Connect the wire to the load, then to the controller.

Follow the reverse procedure when uninstalling to avoid any damage.



## Starting up the controller:

### Self Test

As soon as controller is supplied with power either from the battery or solar array, it starts a self test routine, this is indicated first by ruining LCD bars for approx. 0.5 seconds, then every coded symbol will display for about a second. Then the display changes to normal operation.

#### **System Voltage**

The controller adjusts itself automatically to 12V or 24V system voltage, As soon as the voltage as the time of start up exceeds 20V, the controller assumes a 24V system.

If the battery voltage is not within the normal operation range(approx.12V to 15.5V or approx.24V to 31V) as start up, a status display according to the section ERROR DESCRIPTION occurs.

#### **Battery Type**

The controller is preset to operate with lead acid batteries with liquid electrolyte. If you intend to use a VRLA battery(GEL type) you can adjust the controller in Programming Meau1. The equalization charge is deactivated then. In case of any doubts, please consult your dealer.

#### **Display Functions**

In normal operation mode the controller displays the state of charge (available energy) of battery. Any change of the state of charge (SOC) to a lower status is additionally signaled acoustically.

System conditions are displayed as follows:

The percentage corresponds to the available energy until Low Voltage Disconnect in relation to a fully charged battery.

As long as the solar array supplies enough voltage to charge the battery, this is indicated by up moving bars alternately to the state of charge display.

In normal operation the loads can be switched on and off by pushing the button. This is indicated in the display:



>80%



<10%

60-80%



35-60%









load off

Pushing button within one second, load will manually on or off.

Load manually off



Low Voltage Disconnect Function

Load manually on

The controller has 5 different modes to protect the battery from being deeply discharged. The controller is preset to Mode 1 from the factory, Use Programming Menu 2.to change the setting( see back page).

**Mode1:** Disconnect at 11.4V/22.8V (at nominal load current) up to 11.9V/23.8V(at no load current). Normal operation mode for good battery protection.

**Mode2:** Disconnect at 11.0V/22.0V (at nominal load current) up to 11.75V/23.5V(at no load current). Mode with lower disconnection point. Battery is cycled deeper, this can shorten battery lifetime.

**Mode 3:** Disconnect at 11.0V/22.0V to 12.2V/24.4V depending on load current and previous charging cycles. This adaptive mode leads to longer lifetime of the battery because it allows recovery of the battery by full recharge. Maximum battery life.

**Mode4:** Disconnect at 11.5V/23V fixed setting. Appropriate if bypass loads draw current directly from battery.

**Mode5:** Disconnect at 11.0V/22.0V fixed setting .Appropriate if bypass loads draw current directly form battery. Mode with lower disconnection point. Battery is cycled deeper, this can shorten battery lifetime.

#### **Safety Features**

|                     | PV terminals  | Battery<br>terminals                      | Load terminals                       |
|---------------------|---|---|--------------------------------------|
| Reverse<br>polarity | 24V system: no<br>12V system: yes   | Protected<br>(buzzer alarm<br>warning)    | Protected (1)                        |
| Short<br>circuit    | Protected (2)   | Protected(3)<br>(with fuse on<br>battery) | Switches off immediately(2)          |
| Over<br>current     | Controller will<br>reduce the<br>current.   | Protected                                 | Switches off<br>with<br>a delay (4)  |
| Reverse<br>charge   | Protected   | No effect                                 | No effect                            |
| Over<br>voltage     | Max. 55V  | Max. 55V                                  | Switches off<br>above<br>15.5/31.0 V |
| Under<br>voltage    | No effect   | Switches off<br>load                      | Switches off.                        |
| Over<br>temperature | When over temperature occurs, the controller<br>will reduce the charging current. If the<br>temperature of controller reaches a high level,<br>the load will automatically be switched off. |   |                                      |

(1) Controller can protect itself, but load might be damaged.

(2) Short circuit current: >4x—6x nominal current, <400 A.

(3) We strongly recommend that add a fuse between battery and controller. The battery may be permanent damaged when short circuit occurs.

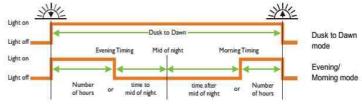
(4) > 200% rated current: Load will be switched off with 3s delay.

**Warning:** Two or more error conditions at the same time may cause damage to the controller. Always remove the present fault condition before next operation

#### **Nightlight Function**

The controller comes with a sophisticated nightlight function. It controls the load output at night and is widely programmable. Two modes are available:

Dusk to Dawn and Evening/Morning. The mode can be selected in Programming Menu 3.



If Evening/Morning mode is selected, Programming Menu 4 allows choosing the Evening timing behaviors, and Programming Menu 5 allows choosing the Morning timing behaviors.

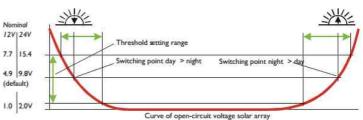
Mind that the load output is switched off as soon as the battery has reached the Low Voltage Disconnect threshold, the Low Voltage Disconnect had priority above the nightlight function.

Mid of night is detected automatically as the middle between dusk and dawn, no real time setting is required. It may take some days until the controller has "learnt" midnight. This method can cause some inaccuracy but avoids any clock readjustment. The controller's Mid of night can be different from the real time midnight depending on your location.

The controller recognizes day and night based on the solar array open circuit voltage. In Programming Menu 6 this day/night threshold can be modified according to the requirements of the local conditions and the solar array used.

The two voltage levels before/after the slash are valid for 12V and 24V systems respectively.

To find the right value, we recommend measuring the solar array open circuit voltage at the time when twilight has reached the level when the controller should switch on/off. This value can then be set according the description in the programming section.



#### **Error Description**

| Error | Indication | Cause  | Corrective<br>action   |
|-------|------------|--|--|
|       | ₿₼         | Battery is<br>low                              | Load will<br>reconnect as<br>soon as battery is<br>recharged.                          |
|       | flashes    | Over current<br>/ Short<br>circuit of<br>loads | Switch off all<br>loads. Remove<br>short circuit.<br>Controller will<br>switch on load |

|  |                       |   | automatically<br>after max 1<br>minute.  |
|--|-----------------------|---|--|
|  |                       | Controller is<br>thermally<br>overloaded<br>and has<br>disconnected<br>the loads.                               | Cool down the<br>controller. Load<br>will be switched<br>on automatically.                       |
| Loads are not<br>supplied                                | ₽<br>N<br>N           | Battery<br>voltage too<br>high<br>(>15.5 / 31.0<br>V)   | Check if other<br>sources<br>overcharge the<br>battery. If not,<br>controller is<br>damaged.     |
|  |                       | Battery wires<br>or battery<br>fuse dam-<br>aged, battery<br>has high<br>resistance                             | Check battery<br>wires, fuses and<br>battery.  |
| Battery<br>power is low<br>after a short<br>time.        |                       | Battery has low capacity  | Replace the battery.   |
| Battery<br>wrong<br>polarity                             | Permanent<br>sound    | Battery is<br>connected<br>with<br>reverse<br>polarity.   | Change polarity.   |
| Battery is not<br>being<br>charged<br>during<br>daytime. | No up-<br>moving bars | Solar array<br>faulty or<br>wrong<br>polarity   | Check Solar<br>array and wiring.<br>Remove faulty.   |
| Controller<br>limits solar<br>current.                   | flashes               | Controller is<br>thermally<br>Overloaded<br>or solar array<br>exceeds<br>nominal cur-<br>rent of<br>controller. | Mount controller<br>at a location with<br>better ventilation<br>or check solar<br>array current. |

#### **Programming your Solar Controller**

The button switch has three push modes:

- 1) Short push Shorter than 1 seconds
- 2) Long push 2 to 8 seconds
- 3) Lock push 8 seconds or longer

By pushing the button for 8 sec in normal operation mode the programming lock-out is activated to prevent any accidental settings change. Another 8 sec push releases the lock-out.

With a long push, you can enter the programming mode. The programming menu structure is described in the back page. A black wide arrow means a long push (2s-8s), a gray narrow arrow means a short push (<1sec). The dotted lines under "Setting" mean you see the actual selection there. During selection

the symbols under "Settings menu" are flashing.

When you exit the configuration menu, the controller displays the state of charge (available energy) of the battery and the status of the load.

Mind that once you have entered the configuration menu you can exit it at the last item only. We therefore recommend that you first note down your required settings and then do the configuration in one go.

All configuration settings are stored in a non-volatile memory and remain stored even if the controller was disconnected from the battery.

If you want to reset the controller to the factory to the factory settings, choose Programming Menu 9.

#### SLAC-I 20A/30A/40A/50A/60A Model Rated System voltage 12V/24V auto recognition 20A 30A 40A 50A 60A Max. charge/load current 14.5V / 29V(25 °C) 2 h Boost charge Activation: battery voltage < 12.3/24.6 V 14.8V/29.6(25 °C) 2 h Activation: Equalization battery voltage < 12.1/24.2 V (at least one time every 30 days) Main charge 14.4V/28.8 V (25 °C), 30 min. (daily) Deep discharge protec-11 - 12 V / 22 - 24 V depending tion. on setting cut-off voltage 12.8V/25.6V Reconnect level Overvoltage protection 15.5V/31.0 V Float charge 13.8V/27.6V(25 °C) Self consumption 4mA Max. Panel/ Battery 55V voltage Temperature -4.5mV/cell\*k compensation Grounding Positive grounding Battery type Lead acid (GEL, AGM, flooded) 140mm\*96mm\*40mm Dimensions (WxHxD) 16 mm<sup>2</sup> Max. wire size -40°C-+60°C Ambient temperature IP grade IP22 Altitude ≤4000m

360g

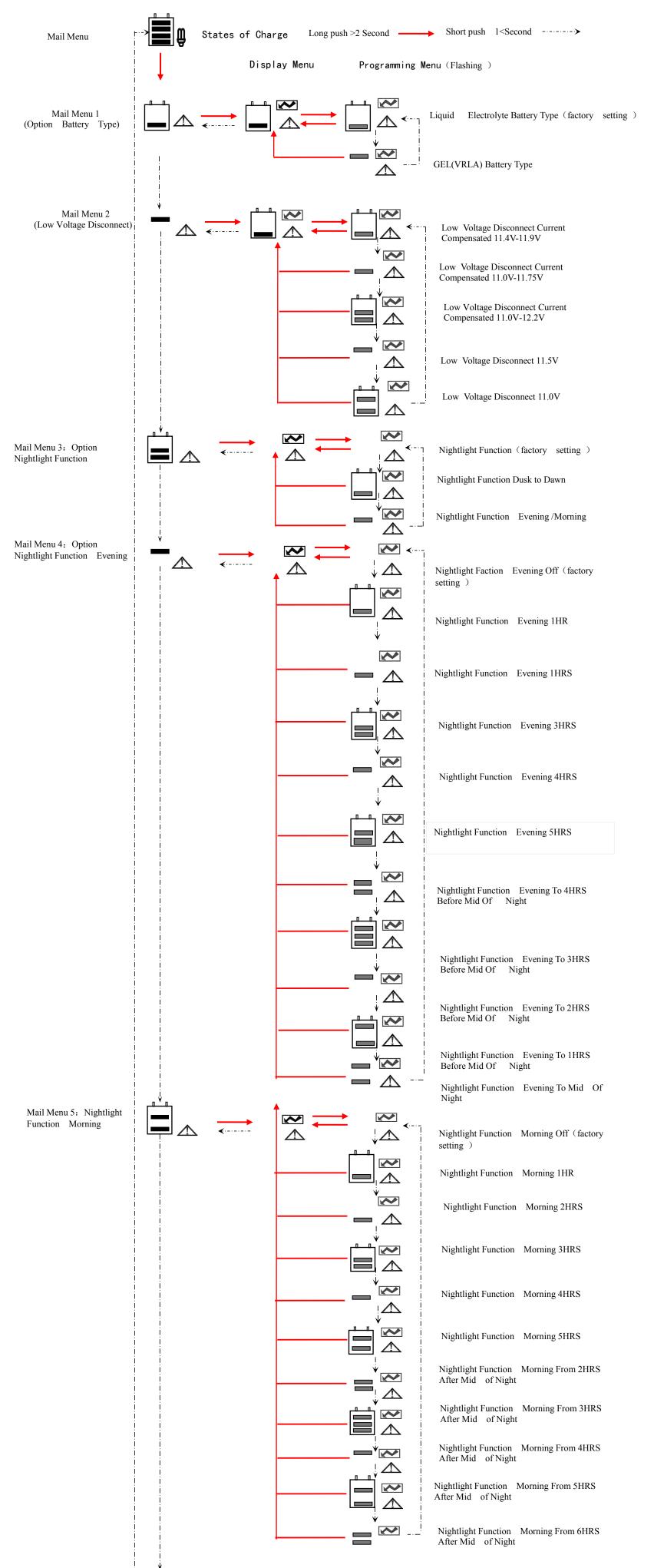
#### **SLAC-I Technical Characteristics**

Subject to change without notice. Version: 20140530

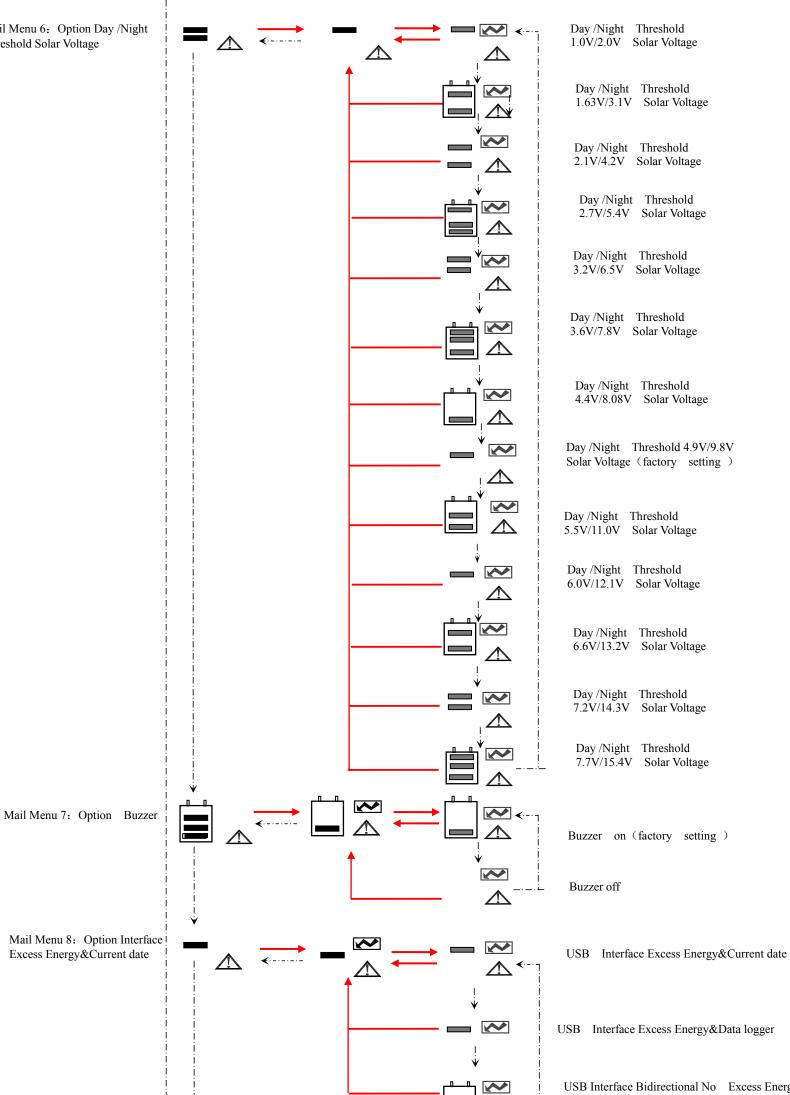
Net weight



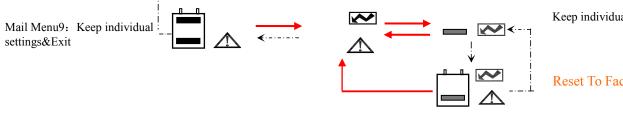
# SLAC-I Solar charge controller programming manual







USB Interface Bidirectional No Excess Energy (factory setting)



୰

#### Keep individual settings

 $\triangle$ 

Reset To Factory Preset