









Application: Wherever Sealed Low Maintenance & Leak Proof 12-volt batteries are needed.

> Dimensions: 7.68" (195mm)L 5.12" (130mm)W

7.09" (180mm)H

Type: Sealed Non-Spillable Lead Acid (AGM)

Case material: Polypropylene / Heat Sealed

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BCI												Standard	AMP	MINUTES	MINUTES	MINUTES				wet
Group	Model	1-hr	2-hr	5-hr	6-hr	10-hr	20-hr	48-hr	72-hr	100-hr	Voltage	Terminal	HOURS	@	@	@	Length	Width	Height	Weight
Size		Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate		Type	(20 HR. RATE)	75 AMPS	56 AMPS	25 AMPS	7.68"	5.12"	7.09"	Lbs (kg)
	US AGM U1	22	25.1	29.8	30.4	32.3	35	36.9	37.8	38.6	12	"L" T5	35	13	19	51	(195)	(130)	(180)	23.7 (10.8)

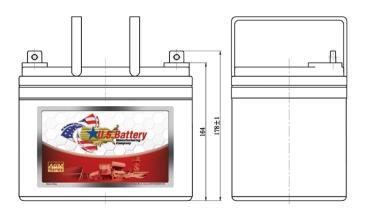
CHARGING INSTRUCTIONS:

Recomended Charge Current Cyclic Application Float Application

-With Temperature Compensation 9 Amps Max. 9 Amps Max. -Without Temperature Compensation 3-5 Amps 3-5 Amps 14.4- 15 volts Charge Voltage (12 Volts) 13.2-13.6 volts Charge Voltage Temp. -0.017 V/F° -0.017 V/F° -0.030 V/C° -0.030 V/C° Compensation

Do not charge at temperature corrected voltages above 15 volts (2.5 volts/cell). Use of a voltage controlled charger is a requirement for warranty coverage. For best cycle life, limit discharge to less than 50% of the battery's 20 hour capacity.

Deep cycle batteries need to be equalized periodically. Equalizing is an extended, low current charge performed after the normal charge cycle. This extra charge helps keep all cells in balance. Actively used batteries should be equalized once per month. Manually timed chargers should have the charge time extended approximately 3 hours. Automatically controlled chargers should be unplugged and reconnected after completing a charge.

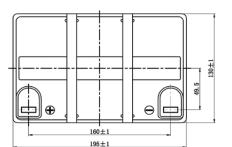


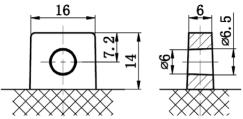
US AGM U1

DATA SHEET

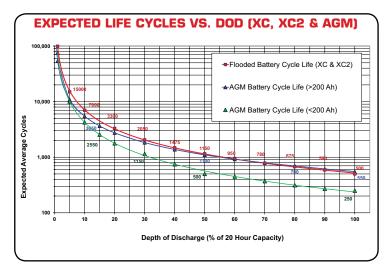


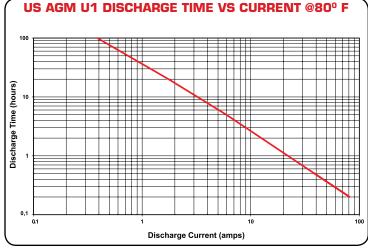


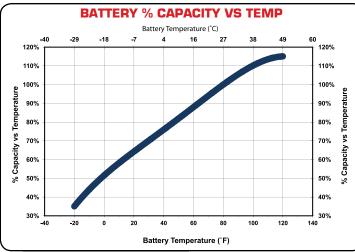




T5 Terminal







U.S. Battery Operating Temperature Guidelines

For charging, we recommend staying within 0°F to 120°F (-18 to 49°C) to avoid charging frozen batteries at low temperature or going into thermal runaway at high temperature.

For discharging, we recommend -20°F to 120°F (-29 to 49°C). Batteries discharged at temperatures below 32°F (0°C) should be recharged immediately to avoid freezing.

Batteries discharged at temperatures above 120°F (49°C) should be allowed to cool before recharging.

Extreme temperatures can substantially affect battery performance and charging. Cold reduces battery capacity and retards charging. Heat increases water usage and can result in overcharging. Very high temperatures can cause "thermal run-away" which may lead to an explosion or fire. If extreme temperature is an unavoidable part of an application, consult a battery/charger specialist about ways to deal with the problem.

Data references within this publication are nominal and should not be considered or construed as maximum or minimum values for specifications or for final design. Data for this product type and model may vary from what is shown in this publication, and U.S. Battery Mfg., Co. makes Nowarranties, expressed or implied based on the data within this publication.

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