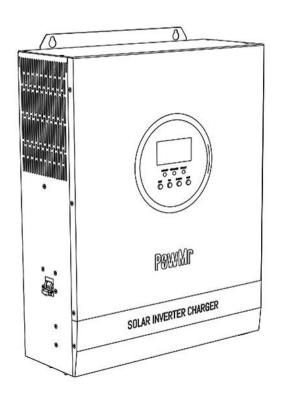
## Product Type POW-I VM5K-48V-N



## POWM

HYBRID INVERTER

User Manual

## **Important Safety Instructions**

Please save these instructions for future use!

This manual contains all safety, installation and operating instructions for the POW-LVM5K Series all-in-one solar charge inverter.

## Please read all instructions and precautions in the manual carefully before installation and use.

- Non-safety voltage exists inside the all-in-one solar charge inverter. To avoid personal injury, users shall not disassemble the all-in-one solar charge inverter themselves. Contact our professional maintenance personnel if there is a need for repair.
- Do not place the all-in-one solar charge inverter within the reach of children.
- Do not install the all-in-one solar charge inverter in harsh environments such as moist, oily, flammable or explosive, or heavily dusty areas.
- The mains input and AC output are high voltage, so please do not touch the wiring terminals.
- The housing of the all-in-one solar charge inverter is hot when it is working. Do not touch it.
- Do not open the terminal protective cover when the all-in-one solar charge inverter is working.
- It is recommended to attach proper fuse or circuit breaker to the outside of the all-in-one solar charge inverter.
- Always disconnect the fuse or circuit breaker near the terminals of PV array, mains and battery before installing and adjusting the wiring of the all-in-one solar charge inverter.
- After installation, check that all wire connections are tight to avoid heat accumulation due to poor connection, which is dangerous.
- The all-in-one solar charge inverter is off-grid. It is necessary to confirm that it is the only input device for load, and it is forbidden to use it in parallel with other input AC power to avoid damage.

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## **Production Instructions**

POW-LVM5K series is a new type of mixed solar energy storage inverting & control all-in-one inverter integrating solar energy storage & municipal power charge storage and AC sine wave output. It adopts DSP control and advanced control algorithm to achieve characteristics of high response speed, high reliability and high industrial standard. There are four charge modes namely only solar power, mains power priority, solar power priority, mains power & solar power; and two optional output modes, namely inverting and mains power to meet different application needs.

The solar charge module adopts the latest optimized MPPT tracking technology, which can quickly track the maximum power point of the photovoltaic array in any environment to obtain the maximum energy of the solar panel in real time with wide voltage range of MPPT.

AC-DC charge module adopts advanced control algorithm to realize full digital double closed-loop control of voltage and current, with high control accuracy and small volume. Battery can be charged and protected stably and reliably with wide AC voltage input range, full input/output protection function.

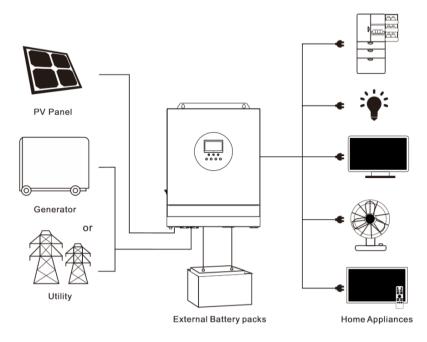
DC-AC inverter module based on full digital intelligent design adopts advanced SPWM technology, outputs pure sine wave, converts DC into AC. It is suitable for AC loads such as household appliances, electric tools, industrial device, electronic audiovisual, etc. The product adopts the segment LCD display design to display the operation data and state of the system in real time. The comprehensive electronic protection function ensures that safety and stability of the whole system.

- Adopt full digital voltage and current double closed-loop control and advanced SPWM technology to output pure sine wave.
- Two output modes, i.e. mains bypass and inverter output can achieve uninterrupted power supply function.
- Four optional charge modes: only solar energy, mains priority, solar energy priority and mixed charge.
- Advanced MPPT technology, with efficiency up to 99.9%.
- Wide MPPT voltage range.
- With function of activating lithium battery with solar energy and AC mains power, it supports connection of lead-acid battery and lithium battery.
- LCD screen design and 3 LED indicator lights dynamically display system data and operation states.
- ON/OFF rocker switch can control AC output.
- With power saving mode function, it can reduce no-load loss.
- Intelligent adjustable speed fan is adopted for efficient heat dissipation and extended system life.
- Possessing multiple protection functions and 360° comprehensive protection.
- Possessing complete short circuit protection, overvoltage and undervoltage protection, overload protection, back filling protection, etc.
- It has the function of mixed load: when the battery is not connected, photovoltaic and commercial power can supply power to the load at the same time (if there is no battery, the commercial power must be connected). When the battery is full, it can also enter the mixed load mode, which can make full use of the photovoltaic energy.

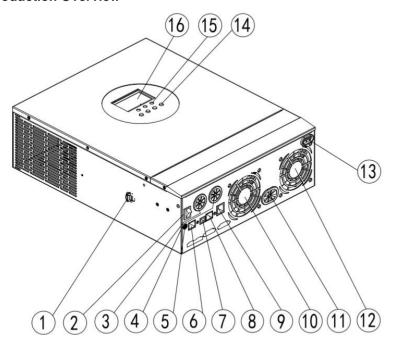
#### **■** Basic System Introduction

The figure below shows the system application scenario of this product. A complete system includes the following parts:

- Photovoltaic module: Convert the light energy into direct current energy and then charge the battery via the all-in-one inverter, or directly invert the light energy into alternating current to supply power to the load.
- **2. Mains or generator:** Connected at the AC input, it can supply power to the load and charge the battery at the same time. If no mains power or generator is connected, the system can also operate normally. At this time, the load power is supplied by the battery and photovoltaic modules.
- **3. Battery:** The battery is to ensure the normal power consumption of the system load in case of no sufficient solar energy or mains supply.
- **4. Household load:** It can be connected to various household and office loads, including AC loads such as refrigerators, lamps, televisions, fans, air conditioners, etc.
- **5. Inverting and control all-in-one inverter:** The energy conversion device of the whole system. The specific system wiring mode is determined by the actual application scenario.

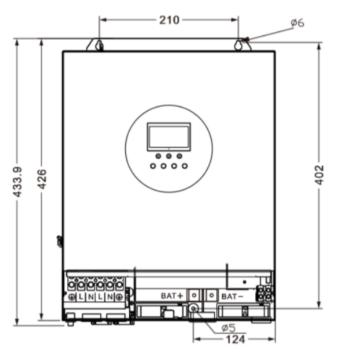


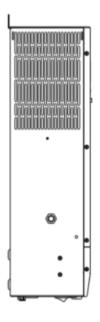
#### **■** Production Overview

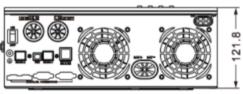


1)	Overload protector	9	Dry contact port
2	ON/OFF rocker switch	10	Cooling fan
3	AC input port	11)	Battery port
4	AC output port	12	Cooling fan
(5)	Grounding screw hold	13	PV port
6	RS485-2 communication port	14)	Touch the key lightly
7	USB communication port	<b>(15)</b>	Indicator light
8	RS485-1 communication port	16	LCD screen

## **■** Dimension Drawing







## Installation

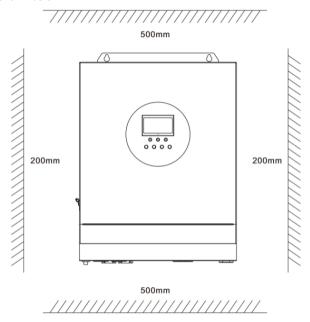
#### ■ Installation Notice

Before installation, please carefully read the manual and get familiar with the installation step.

- Take care while installing the battery. When installing the lead-acid liquid battery, it is required to
  wear goggles. Any body part contacting the battery acid must be washed with clear water in
  time
- Don 't place any metal object beside the battery to prevent short circuit of the battery.
- Acid gas may be generated during battery charge. Therefore, it is required to ensure good ventilation around the environment.
- During cabinet installation, sufficient space shall be reserved around the all-in-one inverter for heat dissipation; do not install the all-in-one inverter and lead-acid liquid battery in the same cabinet to avoid the corrosion of the all-in-one inverter by acid gas generated during battery operation.
- Only the battery with type consistent with the all-in-one inverter can be charged.
- Loose connection points and corroded wires may cause great heat, thereby melting the
  insulation layer of wires, burning the surrounding materials, or even causing fire. Therefore, all
  connectors must be tightened, and the wires must be fixed with ties, so as to avoid the
  looseness of connectors caused by wire shaking during mobile application.
- Tie conductors are selected based on no greater than 5A/mm<sup>2</sup> current density.
- The machine installed outdoors shall be protected against direct sunlight and rain.
- After the power switch is turned off, there is still high voltage inside the all-in-one inverter.
   Please do not open or touch the internal components, and carry out relevant operation after the capacitor is fully discharged.
- Please do not install the all-in-one inverter in a humid, greasy, flammable, explosive or dusty or other severe environments.
- The polarity of the battery input end of this product shall not be reversed, otherwise the device may be damaged easily or there may be some unpredictable dangers.
- AC supply input and AC output are both high voltage, so please do not touch the wires.
- Do not touch the fan in working to prevent injury.
- It is required to confirm that the all-in-one inverter is the unique power supply input device for the load device. It is forbidden to use the machine in parallel with other input AC power to avoid damage.

#### ■ Select the Mount Location

- Confirm the installation position and heat dissipation space, confirm the installation position of allin-one inverter, such as wall surface:
- To install the all-in-one inverter, guarantee there is sufficient air flowing through the cooling fins of all-in-one inverter. At least reserve 200mm space at the left and right air outlets of the all-in-one inverter to guarantee heat loss through natural convection. Refer to the overall installation schematic as shown below.



#### WARNING

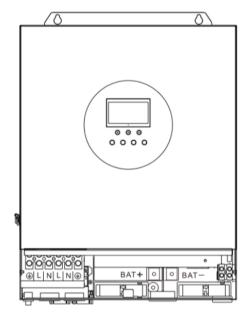
 Danger of explosion! Never install the all-in-one inverter and lead-acid liquid battery into a same sealed space or in a sealed place with probable accumulation of battery gas.

#### ■ Mount the Inverter

Install the unit by screwing two screws. It's recommended to use M6 screws.

## ■ Preparation

Before connecting all wirings, please take off bottom cover by removing two screws as shown below.





## Connection

#### ■ Wiring Specification and Breaker Type

For wiring and installation ways, it is required to observe national and local electrical specification requirements.

Recommended wiring specification and breaker type for photovoltaic array: The output current of the photovoltaic array is affected by the form, connection way and illumination angle of photovoltaic array, therefore the minimum wire diameter of the photovoltaic array is calculated based on the short circuit current of photovoltaic array. Please refer to the short circuit current value in the specification of photovoltaic array (the short circuit current keeps unchanged for the photovoltaic arrays in series connection; the short circuit current of photovoltaic arrays in parallel connection is the sum of short circuit current of all components connected in parallel); the short circuit current of the array cannot exceed maximum input current of PV.

#### > Please refer to the table below for PV input wire diameter and switch:

Model Wire Diameter		Max. PV input current	Circuit breaker Spec
POW-LVM5K-48V-N	6mm <sup>2</sup> /10AWG	22A	2P—25A

Note: The voltage in series shall not exceed maximum PV input open-circuit voltage.

#### > Please refer to the table below for recommended AC input wire diameter and switch:

Model Wire Diameter		Max. bypass input current	Circuit breaker Spec
POW-LVM5K-48V-N	10mm <sup>2</sup> /7AWG	63A	2P63A

**Note:** There is already a corresponding breaker at input connection point of mains supply. Therefore, it is not necessary to add one more.

#### Recommended input wire diameter and switch type for battery

Model	Wire Diameter	Rated Battery Discharge Current	Max. Charge Current	Circuit Breaker Spec
POW-LVM5K- 48V-N	33mm²/2AWG	125A	80A	2P—200A

#### Recommended wire specification and breaker type for AC output

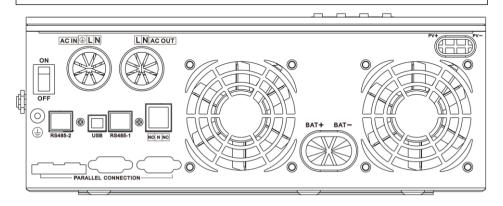
Model	Wire diameter	Rated Inverter AC Output current	Max. bypass output current	Circuit Breaker Spec
POW-LVM5K- 48V-N	10mm²/7AWG	42A	63A	2P—63A

Note: The wire diameter is only for reference. In case of long distance between photovoltaic array

and all-in-one inverter or between all-in-one inverter and battery, use thicker wire to reduce voltage drop and improve system performance.

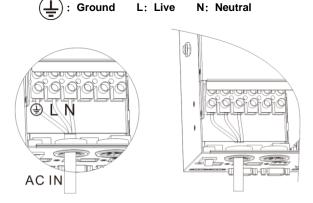
#### NOTICE

 Above wire diameter and breaker are only for reference. Please select appropriate wire diameter and breaker based on practical condition.

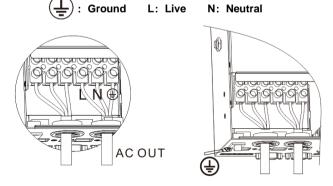


#### ■ AC Input/Output Wiring

- Before AC input/output wiring, disconnect the external breaker at first and then confirm whether the cable used is thick enough. Please refer to section "Wiring Specification and Breaker type";
- Correctly connect AC input wire in accordance with cable sequence and terminal position shown in the figure below. Please connect ground lead at first, and then live wire and mull wire;



3. Correctly connect AC output wire in accordance with cable sequence and terminal position shown in the figure below. Please connect the ground wire at first, and then live wire and null wire. The ground wire is connected to the ground screw hold through shaped terminal.



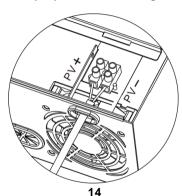
#### NOTICE

Use thick ground cable as far as possible (with cable section not less than 4mm²), place the
ground point to be close to the all-in-one inverter as far as possible and choose shorter
ground wire to the greatest extent.

#### **■ PV Input Wiring**

- 1. Before wiring, disconnect external breaker at first, and confirm whether the used cable is thick enough. Please refer to section "Wiring Specification and Breaker Type";
- Correctly connect PV input wire in accordance with cable sequence and terminal position shown in the figure below.

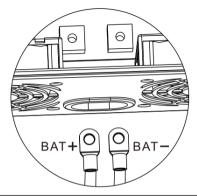




#### **■** Battery Wiring

- 1. Before wiring, disconnect external breaker at first, and then confirm whether the used cable is thick enough. Please refer to section "Wiring Specification and Breaker Type". BAT wire shall be connected with the machine via O-shaped terminal. It is recommended to use the O-shaped terminal with 6mm inside diameter. The O-shaped terminal must compress BAT wire firmly to prevent excessive heating caused by great contact resistance:
- Correctly connect BAT wire in accordance with cable sequence and terminal position shown in the figure below.

BAT+: positive battery pole BAT-: negative battery pole

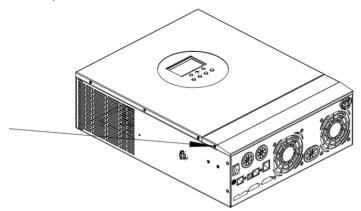


#### WARNING

- Input from mains supply, AC output and photovoltaic array may generate high voltage.
   Before wiring, make sure to break the breaker or fuse;
- During wiring process, make sure to pay attention to the safety; during the wiring process, please don't close the breaker or fuse. At the same time, guarantee that "+" and "-" poles of different parts are correctly connected with wires; a breaker must be installed at the battery end and selected based on section "Wiring Specification and Breaker Type". Before wiring, make sure to break the breaker to prevent strong electric spark generated during wiring. At the same time, avoid battery short circuit during the wiring process; if the all-in-one inverter is in the area with frequent thunder, it is suggested to install an external arrester at PV input terminal.

#### **■** Final Assembly

- After wiring, inspect whether the wires are correctly and firmly connected, especially whether the
  positive and negative input poles of the battery are correct, whether the positive and negative
  input poles of PV are correct, whether AC input is inaccurately connected to AC output terminal.
- 2. After ensuring that the wiring is reliable and the wire sequence is correct, install the terminal protection cover in place.



#### ■ Start up the inverter

- At first close the breaker at the battery end, and then press the rocker switch at the lower left side of the machine to "ON" state, "AC/INV" indicator light flashes, indicating normal operation of inverter.
- 2. Afterwards, close breakers of photovoltaic array and mains supply.
- 3. In the end, after AC output is normal, turn on AC load one by one to avoid protection action generated by great instant impact owing to simultaneous turn on the loads. The all-in-one inverter operates normally in accordance with set mode.

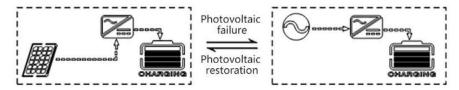
#### NOTICE

- If power is supplied to different AC loads, it is suggested to turn on the loads with great impact current, and then turn on the load with little impact current after the load operates stably.
- In case of abnormal operation of all-in-one machine or abnormal display of LCD or indicator light, refer to section "Troubleshooting" to handle the exceptions.

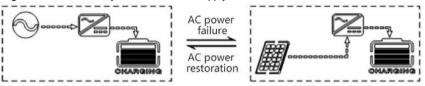
## **Operation Mode**

#### ■ Charge Mode

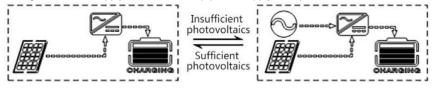
1. **Photovoltaic priority:** In photovoltaic priority charge mode, mains charge is started only when photovoltaics is out of work. Make full use of solar energy for power generation in the daytime and transfer to the mains supply for charge to maintain electric quantity of the battery. It is suitable for areas with relatively stable power grid and relatively expensive electricity price.



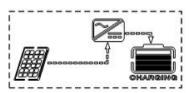
2. **Mains supply priority:** Mains supply is to charge the battery preferentially and the photovoltaic charge can be started only when the mains supply is invalid.



3. Mixed charge: With mixed charge through photovoltaics and mains supply, photovoltaic MPPT charge is used preferentially. In case of insufficient photovoltaic energy, the mains supply is used for supplement. In case of sufficient photovoltaic energy, mains supply stops charge. Electricity can be charged fastest with the way, which is suitable for the area with unstable power grid, so as to supply sufficient backup power supply at any time.



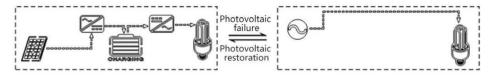
4. Only solar: Only photovoltaic charge is used, no mains supply is started. This way can save the energy at most. The electric energies of battery are all from solar energy. This way is suitable for areas with good light condition.



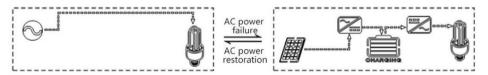
#### Output Mode

Photovoltaic priority mode: Photovoltaic and battery supply power to the load. With diversified
charge mode and optional output mode, when photovoltaic priority mode is selected, the green
solar energy can be used as far as possible so as to achieve energy conservation and emission
reduction

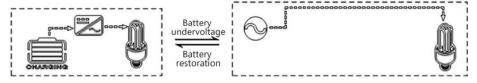
It switches to mains supply when the photovoltaics is invalid. With the mode, solar energy can be used maximally and electric quantity can be maintained at the same time. Therefore, the mode is suitable for areas with stable power grid.



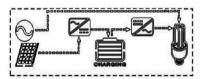
Mains supply priority mode: It only switches to inverter for power supply when mains supply is invalid, equivalent to a backup UPS. Therefore, the mode is applicable to area with unstable power grid.



Inverter priority mode: It only switches to mains supply in case of undervoltage of battery. With the mode, DC electric energy is used maximally. Therefore, it is applied to the area with stable power grid.



4. **Mixed functions mode:** When the battery is not available or the battery is fully charged, the load is provided by PV and commercial power, PV maximum output power output.



## **Operation Instruction**

## ■ Operation and Display Panel



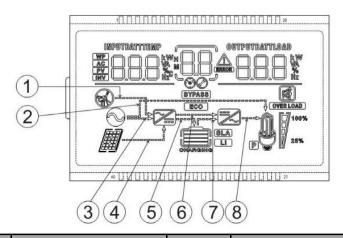
#### • Touchable Keys

Function Key	Description	
SET Enter/exit setting menu		
UP Last option		
DOWN Next option		
ENT Confirm/enter option under setting menu		

#### LED Indicators

Indicator light	Color	Description	
AC/INV	Yellow	Constant on: mains supply output	
AC/INV	reliow	Flashing: inverter output	
CHARCE	Croon	Flashing: battery in charge	
CHARGE	Green	Constant on: charge completed	
FAULT Red		Constant on: fault state	

#### ■ Introduction to LCD screen



Icon	Function	Icon	Function
	Indicating that AC input end has been connected to power grid		Indicating that inverter circuit is in working.
	Indicates that the AC input mode in APL mode (wide voltage range)	BYPASS	Indicating that the machine is in mains supply bypass work mode
	Indicating that PV input end has been connected to solar battery panel	OVER LOAD	Indicating that AC output is in overload state
	Indicating that machine has been connected to battery, indicating 0%~24% battery remaining capacity; indicating 25%~49% battery remaining capacity; indicating 50%~74% battery remaining capacity; indicating 75%~100% battery remaining capacity.	100%       25%	Indicating percentage of AC output load, indicating 0%~24% load percentage; indicating 25%~49% load percentage; indicating 50%~74% load percentage;

			indicating ≥75% load percentage.		
Li	Indicating that present battery type of the machine is lithium battery		Indicating that buzzer is not enabled		
(SLA)	Indicating that current battery type of machine is lead-acid battery		Indicating alarm of machine		
CHARGING	Indicating that the battery is in charge state.	ERROR	Indicating that the machine is in fault state.		
	Indicating that AC/PV charge circuit is in working		Indicating that the machine is in setting mode.		
8	Indicating that AC output end has AC voltage output	<b>38</b>	The parameters displayed in the middle of the screen:  1. In the non-setup mode, the alarm or fault code is displayed.  2. In the setup mode, the currently set parameter item code is displayed.		
Parameter dis	splay at left side of screen: Inpu	t Parameter			
[AC]	Indicating AC input				
PV	Indicating PV input				
INV	Indicating inverter circuit				
WP	The icon is not displayed				
INDPOTENTE MIP		isplaying battery voltage, total charge current of battery, charge power of mains upply, AC input voltage, AC input frequency, PV input voltage, temperature of ternal radiator, software version			
Parameter display at right side of screen: Output Parameter					
OUTPUTBATTLOAD	Indicating output voltage, output current, output active power, output apparent power, battery discharge current, software version; In setting mode, displaying the setting parameter under the parameter item code set currently				
Arrow display					
① The	arrow is not displayed	5	Indicates the charging circuit		

			charging the battery terminal
2	Indicating power grid power supply to load	6	The arrow is not displayed
3	Indicating power grid power supply to charge circuit	7	Indicates the battery terminal supplying power to the inverter circuit
4	Indicating PV power supply to charge circuit	8	Indicating power supply from inverter circuit to load

#### ■ Real-time Data View Method

In LCD main screen, press keys "UP" and "DOWN" to turn page and view different real time data of the machine.

Page	Left Parameter of Screen	Middle Parameter of Screen	Right Parameter of Screen
1	Battery input voltage		Output voltage
2	PV temperature		PV output KW
3	PV input voltage		PV output current
4	Input battery current		Output battery current
5	Input battery KW		Output battery KW
6	AC input frequency	Foods and a	AC output load frequency
7	AC input voltage	Fault code	AC output load current
8	Input voltage		Output load KVA
9	INV temperature		INV output load KW
10	APP software version		Bootloader software version
11	Model Battery Voltage Rating		Model Output Power Rating
12	Model PV Voltage Rating		Model PV Current Rating

#### ■ Setting Parameter

Key operation description: To enter setting menu and exit from setting menu, please press key "SET". After entering the setting menu, parameter number [00] shall flash. At this time, press keys "UP" and "DOWN" to select the parameter item code to be set. Afterwards, press key "ENT" to enter parameter editing state. At this moment, the parameter value can flash. The parameter values are adjusted through keys "UP" and "DOWN". In the end, press key "ENT" to complete parameter editing and return to parameter selection state.

No.	Description	Selectable option		
00	Exit	[00] ESC	Exit from setting menu	
			At photovoltaic priority mode, when the	
		1041 501	photovoltaics is invalid or the battery values	
		[01] SOL	are lower than the parameter 【04】	
			setting value, it shall switch to AC power.	
01	Work priority mode	[01] UTI default	At AC priority mode, it switches to inverter	
01	Work priority mode	[01] 011 delault	only when the AC power is invalid.	
			At inverter priority mode, it switches to AC	
		[01] SBU	power only when battery is undervoltage or	
			lower than the setting value of parameter	
			[04].	
	Output frequency		At bypass self-adaption, it automatically	
		[02] 50.0 default	adapts to AC frequency in case of AC	
02			power; without AC power, the output	
02			frequency can be set via the menu. For	
		[02] 60.0	230V machine, it is 50Hz by default; for	
			120V machine, it is 60Hz by default.	
00	AC input voltage	[03] APL	90~140V AC input range of 120V machine.	
03	range	[03] UPS default	90~140V AC input range of 120V machine.	
	Battery to bypass		When parameter [01] =SOL/SBU, the	
0.4		[0.4] 42.6\/ defects	battery voltage is lower than the set value,	
04		[04] 43.6V <b>default</b>	the output is switched to mains or generator	
			from battery. The setting range is 40V~52V.	

No.	Description	Selectable option			
			Cannot exceed the value of [14] settings.		
			When parameter [01] =SOL/SBU, battery		
05	Dynasa ta hattani	[05] 57 6\/ <b>defectle</b>	voltage is higher than the set value, the		
05	Bypass to battery	[05] 57.6V default	output is switched to battery from mains or		
			generator at 48V~60V setting range.		
			For photovoltaics priority charge, the AC		
		[06] CSO	charge is started only when photovoltaics is		
			invalid.		
		[06] CUB	For AC priority charge, the photovoltaics		
		[00] COB	charge is started only when AC is invalid.		
			In case of mixed charge from photovoltaics		
	Charge mode		and AC power, priority is given to		
		[06] SNU <b>default</b>	photovoltaic charge. In case of insufficient		
06			photovoltaic energy, the AC charge is used		
			for supplement. In case of sufficient		
			photovoltaic charge, stop charge from AC		
			power. Note: photovoltaic charge and AC		
			charge can be performed at the same time		
			only when AC bypass is output under load.		
			When inverter works, only photovoltaic		
			charge can be started.		
		[06] OSO	Only photovoltaic charge, no AC charge is		
		[00] 000	started.		
07	Maximum charge	[07] 60A default	Setting range 0~80A;		
	current	[07] 007 Cacidate			
	Battery type	[08] USE	For user-defined, all battery parameters		
		[-3] 00-	can be set.		
08			Sealed lead-acid battery, constant voltage		
		[08] SLd	charge voltage 57.6V, float charge voltage		
			55.2V.		

No.	Description	Selectable option		
		[08] FLd	For vented lead-acid battery, charge voltage at constant voltage is 58.4V and float charge voltage is 55.2V	
		[08] GEL default	For gel lead-acid battery, charge voltage at constant voltage is 56.8V and float charge voltage is 55.2V.	
		[08] L14/L15/L16	Lithium iron phosphate battery L14/L15/L16 corresponds to lithium iron phosphate battery 14 strings/15 strings/16 strings; 16 string/15 string/14 string default constant. The voltage charging pressure is 56.8V, 53.2V, 49.6V, which are adjustable.	
		[08] N13/N14	Ternary lithium battery; which is adjustable.	
09	Boost charge voltage	[09] 56.8V default	The setting range of boost charge voltage is 48V~58.4V with 0.4V step. It is valid in case of a self-defined or a lithium battery.	
10	Boost charge maximum time	[10] 120 <b>default</b>	Boost maximum charge time setting means setting of maximum charge time of voltage when the voltage reaches parameter  [09] from 5min~900min at 5-minute step.  It is valid in case of a self-defined or a lithium battery.	
11	Float voltage	[11] 55.2V <b>default</b>	48V~58.4V setting range of float voltage at 0.4V step is valid in case of a self-defined battery.	
12	Over discharge voltage	[12] 42V <b>default</b>	So as to over discharge voltage, when the battery voltage is lower than the judgement point, after delaying for the parameter  [13] setting time, turn off the inverter output. 40V~48V voltage setting range at	

No.	Description	Selectable option		
			0.4V step is valid in case of a self-defined battery and lithium battery.	
13	Over discharge delay time	[13] 5S default	So as to over discharge delay time, when the battery voltage is lower than parameter [12], the inverter output is turned off after delaying the time set with the parameter. 5S~50S setting range at 5S step is valid in case of a self-defined and lithium battery.	
14	Battery undervoltage alarm point	[14] 44∨ <b>default</b>	So as to battery undervoltage alarm point, when the battery voltage is lower than the judgement point, an undervoltage alarm is given out and no turnoff is output. 40V~52V setting range at 0.4V step is valid in case of a self-defined and lithium battery.	
15	Battery discharge limiting voltage	[15] 40V <b>default</b>	So as to battery discharge limiting voltage, when the battery voltage is lower than the judgement point, the output is turned off immediately. 40V~52V setting range at 0.4V step is valid in case of a self-defined and lithium battery.	
		[16] DIS	No equalizing charge is permitted.	
16	Equalizing charge	[16] ENA default	When equalizing charge is enabled, only vented lead-acid battery and sealed lead-acid are valid.	
17	Equalizing charge voltage	[17] 58.4V default	So as to equalizing charge voltage, 48V~58.4V setting range at 0.4V step is valid in case of a vented lead-acid battery and sealed lead-acid battery.	
18	Equalizing charge	[18] 120 <b>default</b>	So as to equalizing charge time, 5mins ~	

No.	Description	Selectable option	
	time		900mins setting range at 5mins step is valid in case of a vented lead-acid battery and sealed lead-acid battery.
19	Equalizing charge delay	[19] 120 <b>default</b>	For equalizing charge delay, 5mins ~ 900mins setting range at 5mins step is valid in case of a vented lead-acid battery and sealed lead-acid battery.
20	Equalizing charge derating time	[20] 30 <b>default</b>	For equalizing charge derating time, 0~30days setting range at 1-day step is valid in case of a vented lead-acid battery and sealed lead-acid battery.
21	Equalizing charge	[21] ENA	Start equalizing charge immediately.
21	enabling	[21] DIS default	Stop equalizing charge immediately.
		[22] DIS default	No energy-saving mode
22	Energy saving mode	[22] ENA	After enabling the energy-saving mode, in case of empty or small load, the output is turned off after output delaying of inverter for a certain period of time. After the rocker switch is pressed to "OFF" state and then to "ON" state, the inverter restore the output.
23	Automatic restart after overload	[23] DIS	When the automatic restart after overload is disabled, if the output is turned off upon overload, the machine shall not restore turn on.  When the automatic restart after overload is
		[23] ENA default	enabled, if the output is turned off upon overload, output is restarted by the mains after 3min delay. The machine shall not restarted after 5 times of restarts.
24	Automatic restart	[24] DIS	When automatic restart after

No.	Description	Selectable option		
	after overtemperature		overtemperature is disabled, if the output machine is turned off upon overtemperature, no output is turned on.	
		[24] ENA <b>default</b>	When automatic restart after overtemperature is enabled, if the output is turned off upon overtemperature, the output can be turned on after the machine cools down.	
25	Buzzer alarm	[25] DIS	Disabling alarm	
		[25] ENA default	Enabling alarm	
00	Mode conversion	[26] DIS  No alarm prompt in case of any charmain input source		
26	reminding	[26] ENA default	Alarm prompt is enabled if state of main input source is changed.	
07	Inverter overload to	[27] DIS	No automatic switching to AC power in case of inverter overload	
27	bypass	[27] ENA default	Automatic switching to AC power in case of inverter overload	
28	AC maximum Charge current	[28] 40A default	AC Out 120Vac Setting range 0~40A	
00	Costi Diversi	[29] DIS default	Supply for industrial frequency transformer (disabled)	
29	Split Phase	[29] ENA	Supply for industrial frequency transformer (enabled)	
30	RS485 address setting	[30] 1 <b>default</b>	RS485 communication address setting range 1 ~ 254, (refer to Number [32] is valid when set as SLA)	
32	RS485-2	[32] SLA default	RS485-2 port for PC or telecommunication control.	
	communication	[32] BMS	RS485-2 port for BMS communication.	

No.	Description	Selectable option			
33	Battery BMS communication protocol	When the parameter [32] setting item =BMS, you can choose to match the battery manufacturer's BMS protocol to communicate with BMS for the lithium battery protection.  PAC=PACE, RDA=Ritar, AOG=ALLGRAND BATTERY, OLT=OLITER, HWD=SUNWODA, DAQ=DAKING, WOW=SRNE, PYL=PYLONTECH, UOL=WEILAN			
		[34] DIS default	Disable this function.		
34	Hybrid output function	[34] Lod	Hybrid output function, in UTI mode, the PV first only charges for battery, the left energy will power on the load, but not feed back to the grid.		
35	Battery Low voltage recovery	[35] 52V <b>default</b> Setting range 44V~58.4V			
37	Battery fully charged recovery point	[37] 52V <b>default</b>	After the battery is fully charged, it needs to be lower than this set voltage before it can be recharged		
38	AC output voltage setting	[38] 120Vac default	Settable: (100/105/110Vac)		
57	Stop charging current	[57] 2A default	Charging stops when the default charging current is less than this setting		
58	Discharge alarm SOC setting	[58] 15% <b>default</b>	SOC alarm when capacity is less than this set value (valid when BMS communication is normal)		
59	Cut-off discharge SOC Settings	[59] 5% <b>default</b>	Stops discharging when the capacity is less than this setting (valid when BMS communication is normal)		
60	Cut-off charge SOC Settings	[60]100% default	Stops charging when capacity is greater than or equal to this setting (valid when BMS communication is normal)		
61	Switch to mains SOC	[61] 10% default	Switch to mains when capacity is less than		

No.	Description	Selectable option		
	Settings		this setting (valid when BMS	
			communication is normal)	
			Switches to inverter output mode when	
60	Switch to inverter		capacity is greater than or equal to this	
62	output SOC Settings	[62] 100% default	setting (valid when BMS communication is	
			normal)	

## **■** Battery Type Parameters

## For Lead-acid Battery:

Battery type Parameters	Sealed lead acid battery (SLD)	Colloidal lead acid battery (GEL)	Vented lead acid battery (FLD)	User-defined (USE)
Overvoltage disconnection voltage	60V	60V	60V	60V
Equalizing charge voltage	58.4V	56.8V	59.2V	40∼60V (Adjustable)
Boost charge voltage	57.6V	56.8V	58.4V	40∼60V (Adjustable)
Floating charge voltage	55.2V	55.2V	55.2V	40∼60V (Adjustable)
Undervoltage alarm voltage	44V	44V	44V	40∼60V (Adjustable)
Low voltage disconnection voltage	42V	42V	42V	40∼60V (Adjustable)
Discharge limit voltage	40V	40V	40V	40∼60V (Adjustable)
Over-discharge delay time	5s	5s	5s	1∼30s (Adjustable)
Equalizing charge duration	120 mins	-	120 mins	0∼600 mins (Adjustable)
Equalizing charge interval	30 days	-	30 days	$0{\sim}250$ days (Adjustable)
Boost charge duration	120 mins	120 mins	120 mins	10∼600 mins (Adjustable)

#### For Lithium Battery:

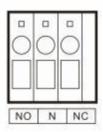
Battery Type	Ternary	Ternary	Lithium iron	Lithium iron	Lithium iron	User-
	lithium battery (N13)	lithium battery (N14)	phosphate battery	phosphate battery	phosphate battery	defined (USE)
Parameters \	, ,	` '	(L16)	(L15)	(L14)	
Overvoltage						
disconnection	60V	60V	60V	60V	60V	60V
voltage						
Equalizing	-	-	-	-	-	40∼60V
charge voltage						(Adjustable)
Boost charge	53.2V	57.6V	56.8V	53.2V	49.2V	40∼60V
voltage	(Adjustable)	(Adjustable)	(Adjustable)	(Adjustable)	(Adjustable)	(Adjustable)
Floating charge	53.2V	57.6V	56.8V	53.2V	49.2V	40∼60V
voltage	(Adjustable)	(Adjustable)	(Adjustable)	(Adjustable)	(Adjustable)	(Adjustable)
Undervoltage	43.6V	46.8V	49.6V	46.4V	43.2V	40∼60V
alarm voltage	(Adjustable)	(Adjustable)	(Adjustable)	(Adjustable)	(Adjustable)	(Adjustable)
Low voltage	00.01/	40)/	40.0\/	45.0\/	40)/	40 001/
disconnection	38.8V	42V	48.8V	45.6V	42V	40~60V
voltage	(Adjustable)	(Adjustable)	(Adjustable)	(Adjustable)	(Adjustable)	(Adjustable)
Discharge limit	00.414	00.01/	40.41/	40.01/	40.01/	40∼60V
voltage	36.4V	39.2V	46.4V	43.6V	40.8V	(Adjustable)
Over-discharge	30s	30s	30s	30s	30s	1∼30s
delay time	(Adjustable)	(Adjustable)	(Adjustable)	(Adjustable)	(Adjustable)	(Adjustable)
Equalizing						0∼600mins
charge duration	-	-	-	-	-	(Adjustable)
Equalizing						0∼250days
charge interval	-	-	-	-	-	(Adjustable)
Boost charge	120mins	120mins	120mins	120min	120mins	10~600
duration	(Adjustable)	(Adjustable)	(Adjustable)	(Adjustable)		mins
-3.0.0.1	(· .ajastabis)	(ajastabis)	(,			(Adjustable)

#### Other Function

#### **■** Dry Node Function

**Working principle:** this dry node can control the switch of diesel generator to charge the battery.

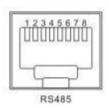
- ① Under normal conditions, in this terminal, NC-N point is closed and NO-N point is opened;
- when the battery voltage reaches the low-voltage disconnection voltage point, the coil of the relay is energized and NO-N point is closed and NC-N point opened. At this time, NO-N point can drive resistive loads 125VAC/1A, 230VAC/1A and 30VDC/1A.



#### RS485 Communication Function

There are two communication ports RS485-1 and RS485-2 and also two functions:

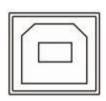
- RS485 communication with lithium battery BMS can be conducted directly through this port RS485-2 (need to be customized);
- ② RS485-1 is connected to the selected RS485 to WiFi /GPRS communication module independently developed by our company. After the selected module is equipped, the reverse control all-in-one inverter of our company can be connected through mobile APP, and the operating parameters and status of the reverse control all-in-one inverter can be checked through the mobile APP.



3 Such as shown in the figure: pin 1 is 5V power supply; pin 2 is GND, pin 7 is RS485-A and pin 8 is RS485-B.

#### **■ USB Communication Function**

This port is a USB communication port, which can be used for USB communication with the selected upper computer software of our company (Need to apply for). To use this port, the corresponding "USB to serial port chip CH340T driver" should be installed in the computer.



## Protection

#### **■** Protection Function

No.	Protection Function	Note
1	Current limiting protection	When the charge current of the configured PV array exceeds the rated current of PV, it will be charged at the rated current.
2	Anti-reverse charge protection at night	At night, because the battery voltage is greater than that of the PV module, the battery shall be protected against discharge through the PV module.
3	AC input over-voltage protection	When the AC voltage exceeds 140V (120V model), the AC charge will be stopped and converted to inverter for output.
4	AC input under-voltage protection	When the AC voltage is lower than 90V (120V model), the AC charge will be stopped and converted to inverter for output.
5	Battery overvoltage protection	When the battery voltage reaches the overvoltage breaking voltage point, charge from PV and AC power to the battery shall be automatically stopped to prevent the battery from being damaged due to overcharge.
6	Battery low-voltage protection	When the battery voltage reaches the low-voltage breaking voltage point, the discharge to the battery will automatically stopped to prevent the battery from damage owing to over discharge.
7	Load output short circuit protection	In case of short-circuit fault at the load output end, the output of AC voltage can be turned off immediately and then restored 1 minute later. After trying for 3 times, the output load end is still in short circuit state, it is required to eliminate the short circuit fault of the load at first, and then turn on the machine again to restore normal output.
8	Radiator overtemperature protection	In case of excessive internal temperature, the all-in-one inverter shall stop charge and discharge; after the temperature returns to normal state, the all-in-one inverter shall restore charge and discharge.
9	Overload protection	There is output within 3 minutes after overload protection. The output is turned off in case of 5 times of continuous overload until the machine is turned on again. Specific overload grade and duration are shown in the technical parameter able after the manual.
10	AC reverse flowing protection	Prevent AC power inverted from battery inverting against reverse flowing into bypass AC input.
11	Bypass overcurrent protection	Built-in AC input overcurrent protection breaker.

## **■** Meaning of Fault Code

Fault Code	Fault Name	Affecting output or not	Note
【01】	BatVoltLow	Yes	Battery undervoltage alarm
[02]	BatOverCurrSw	Yes	Average overcurrent software protection for battery discharge
[03]	BatOpen	Yes	No connection alarm of battery
【04】	BatLowEod	Yes	Stop discharge alarm for battery undervoltage
[05]	BatOverCurrHw	Yes	Battery overcurrent hardware protection
[06]	BatOverVolt	Yes	Charge overvoltage protection
[07]	BusOverVoltHw	Yes	Bus overvoltage hardware protection
【80】	BusOverVoltSw	Yes	Bus overvoltage software protection
[09]	PV VoltHigh	No	PV overvoltage protection
【10】	PV OCSw	No	PV overcurrent software protection
[11]	PV OCHw	No	PV overcurrent hardware protection
【12】	bLineLoss	No	AC power failure
【13】	OverloadBypass	Yes	Bypass overload protection
【14】	OverloadInverter	Yes	Inverter overload protection
【15】	AcOverCurrHw	Yes	Inverter overcurrent hardware protection
【16】	-	-	-
[17]	InvShort	Yes	Inverter short-circuit protection
【18】	-	-	-
【19】	OverTemperMppt	No	PV radiator overtemperature protection
【20】	OverTemperInv	Yes	Overtemperature protection of inverter radiator
【21】	FanFail	Yes	Fan fault
[22]	EEPROM	Yes	Memory fault
[23]	ModelNumErr	Yes	Inaccurate model setting
【26】	RlyShort	Yes	Inverted AC Output Backfills to Bypass AC

			Input
【29】	BusVoltLow	Yes	Bus undervoltage protection
【32】	BatCapacityLowStop	Yes	Inverter stops when battery capacity is low (setting BMS to enable validity)
【34】	CanCommFault	Yes	CAN communication fault in parallel operation
<b>【58】</b>	BMS communication error	No	Check whether the communication line is connected correctly and whether [33] is set to the corresponding lithium battery communication protocol
<b>【</b> 59】	BMS alarm	No	Check the BMS fault type and troubleshoot battery problems
[60]	BMS battery low temperature alarm	No	BMS alarm battery low temperature
<b>【</b> 61 <b>】</b>	BMS battery over temperature alarm	No	BMS alarm battery over temperature
【62】	BMS battery over current alarm	No	BMS alarm battery over current.
[63]	BMS battery undervoltage alarm	No	BMS alarm low battery.
【64】	BMS battery over voltage alarm	No	BMS alarm battery over voltage

## **■** Troubleshooting

Fault	Solving Measures
	Check whether the battery air switch or PV air switch is closed;
No display on screen	whether the switch is in "on" state; press any key on the screen to
	exit from the screen sleep mode.
Charge battery	Measure whether the battery voltage exceeds 60V, and disconnect
overvoltage protection	the photovoltaic array air switch and the AC air switch.
Battery undervoltage	After the battery charge restores to be above low-voltage
protection	disconnection recovery voltage.
Fan fault	Check if the fan doesn't work or if it's blocked by something else.
Radiator overtemperature	When the device cools below the overtemperature recovery
protection	temperature, it shall restore to normal charge and discharge control.
Bypass overload protection, inverting overload protection	Decrease consumer;     Restart all-in-one inverter and the load output is restored.
Inverting short-circuit protection	Carefully check load connection condition, clear short-circuit fault point;     After power on again, the load output is restored.
PV overvoltage	Check whether PV input voltage exceeds maximum allowable input voltage with a multimeter.
No connection alarm of	Check whether the battery is not disconnected or whether the
battery	breaker at the battery side is not closed.

## **System Maintenance**

- > In order to maintain the optimum and permanent operation performance, it is suggested to check the following items semiannually.
  - Confirm that the air flow around the all-in-one inverter will not be blocked. In addition, remove any dirt or debris from the radiator.
  - Check whether the insulation of all exposed wires is damaged due to sun exposure, friction with other objects around, dry rot, insect or rat damage, etc. If necessary, it is required to repair or replace the wires.
  - 3. Verify that the indication and display are consistent with the operation of the device. Please pay attention to any fault or error display and take corrective measures if necessary.
  - 4. Check all terminals for corrosion, insulation damage, high temperature or burning/discoloration sign, and tighten the terminal screws.
  - 5. Check for dirt, nesting insects and corrosion phenomenon and clean as required.
  - 6. If the arrester has failed, replace the failed arrester in time to protect the all-in-one inverter and other user device against lightning damage.

#### WARNING

Danger of electric shock! To perform above operations, make sure that all the power supplies
of the all-in-one inverter have been broken and all the capacitor electricity has been
discharged. Afterwards, corresponding inspection or operation can be performed!

#### > We are not responsible for any following damage:

- ① Damage caused by improper use or use in inappropriate place.
- (2) Open-circuit voltage of photovoltaic module exceeds maximum allowable voltage.
- The damage caused by the operation ambient temperature beyond the limited operation temperature range.
- (4) Personally take apart and maintain the all-in-one inverter.
- Damage caused by force majeure: Damage caused by transportation and handling of the allin-one inverter.

## **Technical Parameter**

Model	POW-LVM5K-48V-N			
AC Mode				
Rated input voltage	110/120Vac			
Input voltage range	(90Vac-140Vac)			
Frequency	50Hz/ 60Hz (auto-sensing)			
F	47±0.3Hz ~ 55±0.3Hz (50Hz);			
Frequency range	57±0.3Hz ~ 65±0.3Hz (60Hz);			
Overload/short-circuit protection	Breaker			
Efficiency	>95%			
Conversion time	40 cos (Torrisol valva)			
(Bypass and inverting)	10ms (Typical value)			
AC reverse flowing protection	yes			
Maximum bypass overload current	63A			
Inverting Mode				
Output voltage waveform	Pure sine wave			
Rated output power (VA)	5000			
Rated output power (W)	5000			
Power factor	1			
Rated output voltage (Vac)	120Vac			
Output voltage error	± 5%			
Output frequency range (Hz)	50Hz ± 0.3Hz			
Output frequency range (Hz)	60Hz ± 0.3Hz			
Efficiency	>90%			
	(102% <load<110%) and="" error="" off="" reporting="" td="" the<="" turn="" ±10%:=""></load<110%)>			
	output after 5 minutes;			
Overload protection	(110% <load<125%) and="" error="" off="" reporting="" td="" the<="" turn="" ±10%:=""></load<125%)>			
	output after 10 seconds;			
	Load>125% ±10%: reporting error and turn off the output			
	after 5 seconds;			

Peak power	10000VA			
Loaded motor capacity	4HP			
Output short-circuit protection	Breaker			
Specification of bypass breaker	63A			
Rated battery input voltage	48V (minimum start voltage 44V)			
	40.0Vdc~60Vdc ± 0.6Vdc			
Battery voltage range	(under voltage alarm/ turn off voltage/ overvoltage alarm/			
	overvoltage restoration settable LCD screen)			
Power saving mode	Load ≤50W			
AC Charge				
Battery type	Lead acid or lithium battery			
Maximum charge current	40A			
Charge current error	± 5Adc			
Charge voltage range	40-60Vdc			
Short-circuit protection	Breaker and blown fuse			
Breaker specification	63A			
Overcharge protection	Turn off charge after 1min alarm			
Solar Charge				
Maximum PV open-circuit voltage	500Vdc			
PV operation voltage range	120-500Vdc			
MPPT voltage range	120-450Vdc			
Battery voltage range	40-60Vdc			
Maximum input power	5500W			
Charge current range of solar energy	0.004			
(settable)	0-80A			
Charge short-circuit protection	Blown fuse			
Wiring protection	Inverse wiring protection			
Authentication Specification				
Specification authentication	CE(IEC62109)/CETL(UL 1741 C22.2 NO.107.1) /FCC/SAA			
EMC authentication grade	EN61000			

Operation temperature range	-10°C ~ 55°C
Storage temperature range	-25°C ~ 60°C
Humidity range	5% to 95% (three-proof paint protection)
Noise	≤60dB
Thermal dissipation	Forced cooling with adjustable air speed
Communication interface	USB/RS485 (WiFi/GPRS)/dry node control
Dimension (L*W*D)	426mm*322mm*126mm
Weight (kg)	11.5

# POWMC

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